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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE Hironobu Takizawa 17489 4220 10/790,263 03/01/2004 **EXAMINER** 23389 01/30/2006 7590 SCULLY SCOTT MURPHY & PRESSER, PC SMITH, PHILIP ROBERT **400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA** ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER SUITE 300 GARDEN CITY, NY 11530 3739

DATE MAILED: 01/30/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/790,263	TAKIZAWA ET A	L.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	<u> </u>
	Philip R. Smith	3739	,
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence a	ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a report. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty deriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH statute, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered time HS from the mailing date of this NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	05 December 2005.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	This action is non-final.	. :	
3) Since this application is in condition for all		rs, prosecution as to th	e merits is
closed in accordance with the practice un	•		
Disposition of Claims	·		
4) Claim(s) 1-52 is/are pending in the application	ation.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3,5,6,8-12,15,17</u>	<i>and 29-52</i> is/are withdrawn fror	n consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,7,13,14,16 and 18-28</u> is/ard	e rejected.	<u>:</u> ;	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		:	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		v the Evaminer	
Applicant may not request that any objection to		:	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co			ER 1 121(d)
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	, -,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
The dath of declaration is objected to by the	ie Examiner. Note the attached		10-102.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	reign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ments have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ments have been received in Ap	plication No	
. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the	priority documents have been re	eceived in this Nationa	l Stage
application from the International B	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies not re	eceived.	
		: :	
	:	•	
Attachment(s)			

1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/20/2004</u>. •

4) Interview Summ	ary (PTO-413)	
Paper No(s)/Mai		•
5) Notice of Informa		ation (PTO-152)
6) Other		

Art Unit: 3739

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Elections**

[01] Claims 3, 5-6, 8-12, 15, 17 & 29-52 are withdrawn without traverse from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected group or species, as per the correspondence of 12/5/2005.

## Specification

[02] The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the elected claims are directed.

## Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. 112, Paragraph Two

[03] The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- [04] Claim 1 recites "the detecting result." There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Presumably, for the purposes of applying art, "the detecting result" refers to the detected evacuated detected by the detecting device.
- [05] Claims 21 & 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. They are indefinite at least for reasons of grammar, rendering the scope of the claims unclear.
- [06] Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which

Art Unit: 3739

applicant regards as the invention. Applicant recites a "detecting device for extracorporeally detecting position specifying information." It is unclear what exactly is being described as extracorporeal, given that the capsule medical apparatus is intended for "detecting in-vivo information."

[07]

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

[08] The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- [09] Claims 1-2, 4, 7, 13-14, 16, & 18-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Lewkowicz et al (2003/0114742).
- [10] With regard to claim 1: Lewkowicz discloses a capsule medical apparatus for medical actions such as examination and treatment in the body, the capsule medical apparatus ("in vivo device 20," [0029]) comprising:
  - [10a] a detecting device ("steerable transceiver 27," [0033]) which is inherently capable of detecting whether the capsule medical apparatus is just being evacuated from the body, or it has already been evacuated, or if it is extracorporeally evacuated ("The location and/or position of the in vivo device 20 can be determined..."); and

Art Unit: 3739

- [10b] a notifying device ("processing unit," [0031]) which extracorporeally notifies the detecting result, in association with the detecting device ("The processing unit may be triggered by any of these environmental conditions [location or position of the device ... in vivo pH or temperature] to communicate a command, as described above, and a signal may be induced accordingly," [0031]).
- [11] With regard to claims 2 & 14: Lewkowicz discloses a capsule medical apparatus for medical actions such as examination and treatment in the body, the capsule medical apparatus ("in vivo device 20," [0029]) comprising:
  - [11a] a detecting device ("steerable transceiver 27," [0033]) which is inherently capable of detecting whether the capsule medical apparatus is extracorporeally evacuated ("The location and/or position of the in vivo device 20 can be determined..."). Extracorporeal evacuation constitutes a set medical action.
  - [11b] a notifying device ("white LEDs 23A and 23B," [0028]) which inherently capable of externally notifying the extracorporeal evacuation. The notifying device is associated with the detecting device, as they are both components of the same device.
- [12] With regard to claims 4 & 16: The notifying device disclosed by Lewkowicz is a light emitting device.
- [13] With regard to claim 7: The device disclosed by Lewkowicz inherently has

Art Unit: 3739

structures with stoppable functions. These structures are associated with the notifying device and its operation.

- [14] With regard to claim 13: Lewkowicz discloses
  - [14a] an image pick-up element ("image sensor 24") for capturing an image;
  - [14b] an illuminating device ("white LEDs 23A and 23B," as noted above) for illuminating a photographing target; and
  - [14c] a light emitting device for notifying the extracorporeal evacuation (as noted above) wherein the light emitting device is shared with an illuminating device for photographing an image.
- [15] With regard to claim 18: Lewkowicz discloses a detecting device ("steerable transceiver 27," as noted above) for detecting the completion of the set medical action (for example, steering in vivo) and a notifying device ("processing unit," as noted above) for externally notifying the extracorporeal evacuation in association with the detecting device. The mode disclosed by Lewkowicz in which the medical action (steering in vivo) takes place is an operating mode; the mode disclosed by Lewkowicz in which the medical action ceases (steering ceases) is a standby mode; the notifying device disclosed by Lewkowicz ("processing unit," as noted above) operates during the standby mode.
- [16] With regard to claim 4, 13 & 16: Lewkowicz discloses
  - [16a] An image pick-up element for capturing an image;
  - [16b] an illuminating device for illuminating a photographing target;

Art Unit: 3739

- [16c] wherein the notifying device (as noted above) is a light emitting device arranged to the capsule medical apparatus;
- [16d] wherein the light emitting device is shared with an illuminating device for photographing an image.
- [17] With regard to claims 19-20 & 22-23: As noted above, Lewkowicz discloses a medical action (steering in vivo) which occurs during an operating mode and an extracorporeal detecting mode for detecting (with the "processing unit, as noted above) that the capsule medical apparatus is extracorporeally evacuated ("location or position of the device," [0031], as noted above), or in the case of substantially evacuating the capsule medical apparatus to the body outside. As noted above, Lewkowicz further discloses that a notifying device ("processing unit") performs a notification in a notifying mode.
- [18] With regard to claims 21 & 24: Processing units such as that disclosed by Lewkowicz inherently have operating times that can be set.
- [19] With regard to claim 25: As noted above, Lewkowicz discloses a capsule medical apparatus ("in vivo device 20," [0029]) for passing a capsule casing through the living body and detecting in-vivo information, the capsule medical apparatus comprising in the casing:
  - [19a] a detecting device for extracorporeally detecting position specifying information indicating the position of the casing and a determining device for determining based on the position specifying information detected by the

Art Unit: 3739

detecting device whether or not the casing is positioned in the large intestine ("steerable transceiver," as noted above); and

- [19b] a notifying device for extracorporeally outputting a notifying signal when the determining device determines that the casing is positioned in the large intestine ("In another case, environmental conditions, such as in vivo pH or temperature, as determined by an in vivo sensor, may indicate that it is desirable for the in vivo device to be slowed down for further inspection of the specific site," [0032]).
- [20] With regard to claim 26: Lewkowicz discloses that the position specifying information is extracorporeally supplied (from the "processing unit," as noted above).
- [21] With regard to claim 27: Lewkowicz discloses a capsule medical apparatus collecting system having a capsule medical apparatus for passing a capsule casing ("in vivo sensor 20," as noted above) through the living body and for detecting living body information and an extracorporeal device extracorporeally arranged, the capsule medical apparatus comprising in the casing:
  - [21a] a detecting device for detecting position specifying information indicating the position of the casing that is extracorporeally supplied and a determining device for determining based on the position specifying information detected by the detecting device whether or not the casing is positioned in the large intestine ("steerable transceiver 27," as noted

Art Unit: 3739

above); and

- [21b] a notifying device for extracorporeally outputting a notifying signal (sent to the processing unit: "location or position of the device may be determined, for example by the processing unit," [0031]) when the determining device determines that the capsule casing is positioned in the large intestine,
- [21c] and the extracorporeal device comprising:
- [21d] a supply device for supplying the position specifying information, a receiving device for receiving the notifying signal and an output device for outputting sensible information based on the notifying signal ("processing unit," as noted above, which "[determines] the location or position of the device," "transmit[s] a signal appropriate for steering the in vivo device," etc. [0031])
- [22] With regard to claim 28: Lewkowicz further discloses that the position specifying information is electric waves ("If the location or position of the device is undesired (e.g., the device is facing and sensing one wall of a body lumen whereas it is desired to sense other walls of the body lumen) the processing unit can communicate a command, such as an electric or any other suitable (such as microwave, IR etc.) signal, to a processor in the signal source to transmit a signal having a vector and/or amplitude appropriate for steering the in vivo device in a desired direction or to a desired location and/or position," [0031])

#### Conclusion

[23] The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

**Art Unit: 3739** 

applicant's disclosure. Ueda (5681260), Frisch (6904308), Takizawa (2003/0020810) and Fukuda (2004/0210131) disclose a transmitting capsule endoscope with a known position.

- [24] Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Philip R. Smith whose telephone number is (571) 272 6087 and whose email address is philip.smith@uspto.gov. The examiner can normally be reached between 9:00am and 5:00pm.
- [25] If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Linda Dvorak can be reached on (571) 272 4764.
- [26] Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

[27] Prs

John P. Leubecker

Page 9